

AGAINST THE BACKGROUND of Mount Fuji, former heads of state or government including former West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt and former Japanese Prime Minister Takeo Fukuda pose for photographers at Hakone Prince Hotel in Kanagawa Prefecture, the venue of their annual "Old Boys' Summit."

'Old Boys' Agree Population Main Barrier to Development

HAKONE, Kanagawa Pref. (Kyodo) — A group of 21 former heads of state and government agreed Tuesday that the world's growing population poses the greatest problem for economic and social development in the world today.

That view came out in the first working session here of the International Council, a private forum of former presidents and prime ministers from 30 countries around the world.

"There is a consensus (in the meeting) that population is a most important issue facing us today," said Takeo Fukuda, a former Japanese prime minister and prime mover behind the so-called "Old Boys' Summit."

The session focused primarily on the interaction between population, environment and economic development, and the role that governments should play in tackling this issue, officials said.

Fukuda, who chaired an expert group to study the issue, submitted a report to the meeting calling for multinational efforts "across national frontiers" to tackle the population problem and ensure stabilization of the world's population, conference sources said.

On environmental issues, Jim MacNeill, secretary-general of the World Commission on Environment and Development, who was invited to make a presentation to the meeting, asserted that there was "massive deterioration" in the environmental basis for economic development in the Third World.

Maria de Lourdes Pintasilgo.

a former Portuguese prime minister, said the lack of economic and social development lies "at the very root" of the growing problems that the world faces today.

Speaking on behalf of the council at the news briefing, she called on the private sector and research institutes to pool their resources for economic development in the developing countries.

The council is expected to turn to the questions of world peace and security, as well as economic revitalization in the next two days of discussion here.

The council session, which was opened in Tokyo Monday, is the fourth in an annual series first convened in Vienna in 1983.





か、お分かりでしょうか。 要人たち、いずれも総会参加 者ですが、どこの国のどなた 目から四日間、箱根を中心舞 領経験者らで構成される「第 台に開かれています。写真の 昭和五十二年五月、ロンド 同OBサミット総会」が七 世界三十カ国の首相、 私は、だあれり ミット)が行われた際、かの

This is the Face of the World Who am &

私は '86

ンで主要先進国首脳会議(サーさせました。日本から乗り込ったので、OBサミットに関 に三木前首相(当時)を登場ってす。そんな水も過去にあ 地の高級日曜紙「オブザーバ でしたから、日本政府代表た ー」は、日本の首相の似剤絵
ちはそろって顔をしかめたそ だあれ?明の んだのは、実は福田首相(同) 相、ポルトガルのピンタシル 首相、カナダのトルドー元音 から、スペインのスアレスデ のシュミット前首相。下段左 のため、以下に正解を付記し のクリアンサク前首相、西純 アのフレーザー前首相、タン するクイズを試みました。今 上段左から、オーストラリ

from left to inplit om Parhipal