

Introduction

Yesterday we were confronted with the issues of the world and with the fact that, as a group, in many different ways, we are ~~not apart from~~ ^{not apart from} part of those issues. Socialisation, via

In that way, we confronted our roots in the world today, ^{the roots} where we plunge and struggle, where we suffer + rejoice.

But our roots are also elsewhere. At the center of the Grail life there is a the option of Jesus Christ.

If the world ~~phases~~ ^{changes} us ^{as} a group in terms of the



issues we have to deal with,²
to fulfil our mission,
the Gospel challenges us.

In other words, God challenges
us today with the Good
News of His Son Jesus Christ.

It was clear for me
yesterday in my workshops
that those world issues
~~were~~ Fundação Cuidar o Futuro
touching each other and
different aspects of life
~~involving all of us and the~~
~~and~~ ~~O Grail~~ as a whole
that they were very personal
questions
demanding a personal
response in a unique way.



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No doubt that those big issues
are ambiguous, difficult to
deal with. To talk about
them means the hope that
somehow they can be faced
today.

I want to relate the
challenges of the Gospel
with this threefold ~~event~~ challenge.
Hence, ~~in~~ ^{Fundação} Cuidar o Futuro
~~and~~ deal with
some aspects of

- 1) some key aspects of our being as a People
- 2) the personal response that the Gospel today demands of us;


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- 3) the openness of our existence as a people and as persons ~~to~~ ^{the} ~~their~~ people to a future

I Part - Our being as a ⁴ People

Somebody said during the pre-GA seminar, when we were dwelling on the tribal values, that the Grail was a tribe for her. I guess it is that for me too. It is going home. It is having some rites, It is sharing, celebrating

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Nobody can be part of a people in a vacuum.

Often a people ~~is~~ equated with a common past + history, with a cultural identity.

I don't deny that but it seems to me that a people is formed, a people happens



around events. Just two examples: - I was here when Senator R.R. was assassinated. I witnessed the awakening of a people conscience. Now we can talk about its social terms as Elaine mentioned yesterday, but this was an event which helped a people to become more a people. ~~Feeling of getting to know people better, to have~~
~~- Maybe in my own country ^{in their} ~~they are~~ no ideal or goal would gather people more together than the tragic awakenings they ~~are~~ some of our best people are emigrating. And even ~~with~~ when a people~~
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~~& A people needs a purpose. What creates the "new" countries appear in our midst so ~~strong~~ conscious of their identity - because they have before them a reachable, ~~imperative~~ imperative goal.~~



God liberated a ~~people~~⁶
group of slaves, made of
them a people who would be
"his very own" (Ex. 19, 5).

Once settled in Israel; having
~~settled~~ got into
settled the routine of life
this people disintegrated
into an agglomeration of
individuals,
enslaved by other gods
by ~~family~~^{Fundação Cuidar o Futuro},
by the law.



It is in that situation
that the angel of the Lord
~~announces~~^{tells} to Mary that
she name her son Jesus
"because he is the one who
is to save his people from
their sins." (Mt 1, 21)

Through Paul describes
in his letter to Titus how Christ
saved his people : 7

"He sacrificed himself for
us in order to set us free from
all wickedness and to purify
a people so that it could
be his very own
and would have no ambition
except to do good." (Tit. 2:14)

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If we are called ~~to be~~
a people,
if we want to help mankind
to become the People of God,
we have no other way.
Every time that a People
~~comes~~ is born anew - out

many situations, tongues 8
and nations - it is the ~~renewal~~
of the death + resurrection of
Christ that is present.

If we want to be part of
a people, it is only by the
identification with ^{the event} Jesus
_{with the event of his death + resur.}
Christ, that a new together-
ness can be born. This is why
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~~We may + must seek it
through all means available,
through good communication,
and meetings and all that
kind) but we do know that
even in the greatest human
friendships^{+ love}, there are moments
where only ^{the} death + res. of Christ~~



fundamentally we want⁹
to celebrate his death
& resurrection until He
comes. It is there in
that event- eternally
present in the Lamb
of God who is worthy to
break the seals of the book of life
— that we are renewed,
reformed and reborn as a
people. To be a community
centered in the Eucharist
— and isn't the cup central
in our ~~symbolism~~ ^{symbolism} ~~biology~~ ^{biology}? —
is above anything else to
be open to be part of 
this people.

There are many things 10
that can be said about the
people of God and about
us, as part of that people.

I think, however, that the
"signs of the times" present
in the issues E.I. developed
yesterday point out to a
degree of communal
existence which man has
never experienced before.
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Socialization, internationality,
world revolution, the youth
phenomenon... in fact all
speak of a new solidarity
among men.

What would will be
different in such a solidarity?



It seems to me that solidarity is not any more a question of generosity, good warm heart, moral attitude. Solidarity is the basis of human existence, is the soil in which we are immersed & from which we spring forth.

Teihard had the understanding of ~~his new condition~~ Fundação Cuidar o Futuro of man to the highest degree. He describes man kind as part of a mosphere. His assumption is this: if we, human beings, come out of the complexification of the world, if we share in the biological laws of life



(as Nicoletta said) we do constitute,¹²
as it were, a layer enveloping
the earth which is as real
as the biosphere or the
atmosphere. The young people
today, living in a gregarious
way, sharing clothes, passing
on to each other the bottle
of Coca-Cola from which all
drink, reveal in a naïve
^{but} Fundação Cuidar o Futuro
~~recyclable way~~,
this basic human feeling.

The only It has been
often pointed out that
the first community of
Christians felt that God
expressed that ontological
solidarity. The events



that had made of them 13
a new people were so recent
that the bonds between them
were unbreakable and beyond
words. Their life was brought
to the root of their being
Christians.

The Acts describe this
communality of existence
in a radical way :
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"they remained faithful
to the teaching of the apostles,
to the brotherhood,
to the breaking of the bread
and to prayers" - (Ac. 2, 42)
(Congar considers this
passage the best description
of a Christian life. I do
too!)

I would like to stress 14
here this brotherhood as it
was experienced in the apostolic
times.

It is my experience that
~~Whenever~~ a community of
believers has not yet
discovered that Christian
community does encompass
~~ecofundação~~ ~~and~~ ~~guiding~~ the Future
of goods such a community
has little chance to survive;
~~In the age where even~~
the sharing remains on the
level of ideas + ~~opinions~~
~~opinions~~,
the pluralism is thus
threatened by an individualistic,
even if generous,
approach;

The individual contributions 15
neutralize each other.

To enter into a total brotherhood
implies deep down that you
~~are ready to~~ risk it laying down your
life for your brothers.



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I would add another ¹⁶
aspect. ~~in that~~ to complete this
one. The pilgrim condition
of the People of God gives a
new power to this type of
brotherhood.

The challenge is today to
jump out of security,
to join it to a "band of
pilgrims",
~~without~~ Fundação Cuidado Futuro or
possessions,
and to reveal the fundamental
condition of a people,
made free, — free from
systems + dominations +
exploitations of all kinds
to be God's own people.



There are two defense mechanisms which I would like to denounce and which prevent us from becoming a people. They both derive from the fact that we equate People of God with Church. (I will point out later to the a bixity)

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level — There is a kind of Edification complexe not resolved towards the Church, the Holy Mother the Church and easily transposed to any group which would have in our lives that nurturing role.



The other is a "theological ¹⁸ myth". It is the old myth of the church as "perfect society",

a rather inexact transposition to the times of the concept of the heavenly Jerusalem.

Hence the ~~special~~ scheme action → racism.
Hence criticism made + Fundação Cuidar o Futuro resentment built up in reference to that ideal society.

This I guess that these two mechanisms are not completely out of our experience as a group



I just said that normally¹⁹
we equate People of God with
Church. So far, I only spoke
of the People of God. On
purpose. There are 6
different meanings ~~of~~ for
Church in the Vatican II
documents which subordinate
its concept to the one of ~~a~~
People of God.

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- 1) - Cath. Church - Catholic
teaching, sevenfold sacramental
liturgy, papal + collegial
authority;
- 2) ~~local~~ Church - restoration
of the one-ness of Church,
the universal Church being
a family of local Churches



- 3) the community of all that 20
have been baptized - a sacra-
mental fellowship created by
faith + baptism.
- 4) the people of the Old Covenant
with whom the Christians are
in continuity ("the entire
Abrahamic community")
- 5) the entire family of man
is as much as they are
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touched by God's saving grace
- 6) the "ecclesia domestică" so
often referred to by St. Paul
This I equate with what I said
- - - When Dorothy yesterday,
~~said~~ that the Grail in USA
had to cope with the integration
of many forms of religious
search. *I thought of this.*

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A challenge from the Gospel
today will be to discern, in
each circumstance, how
creatively ^{types of "Church"} can the Grail accom-
pares.

There are, however, several
general consequences:

- the Church has no intention
to be co-extensive to the whole society
- the participation in the
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is varied and diverse
in ≠ circumstances
- the Church is altogether
believers + searchers a
Church of the Threshold,
a church where everybody
is catecumen, the Faith being
for all the forces of learning
that church
- the center is not in authority
but in the celebration of life / the Grail



13 This! Teixeira + I always say in Portugal that we couldn't
 don't consider the bishops the
 main ^{item} ~~thing~~ to be concerned about -)

— The "base community" ~~becomes~~
 a new force.



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II Part - The personal response that the Gospel demands of us

Within this people, each human being emerges as a singular event.

Within the wider call to the people, to the community, there is a call to each one of us personally.

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Hans said the main challenge:

Christ was sent "to bring the good news to the poor, to proclaim



liberty to captives, to set 24
the down trodden free". (4.4.18)

There is here a call to
poverty
and a call to freedom.
Of these I would like to
say something.

There is no better way
to check of poverty than
recalling the beatitudes



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of the People of God, we have
to free ourselves.

~~Let me take the beatitudes.~~
They do express the echo of the personal attitude with which everyone can remain part of the network of solidary relationships. In fact, there is in them a kind of turning the world upside down at first sight and, yet, they seem to convey and to crystallize the aspirations of our own age. - Aren't the peace makers blessed? And what else are the flower children saying to us? - Aren't the poor blessed? And what the attempt behind the forms



of collectivism but the desire ^{to}
to share his condition of the poor?
It would be interesting to re-read
the story of the "crafty steward"
(Lk. 16) and to realize that there is
here a total despise of the socio-
political value of money + property
in favour of another set of
values. ~~He~~ Being a man
without great honesty he could
have solved his problem in
another way, but he preferred
to use another means.
he trusted into human
relationships, into friendship.
He made a qualitative choice.
and it is that choice that
Christ praises as being
much more important than
more legalistic views of how to
deal with ~~money~~ material goods.

I don't pretend to praise ²⁷
dishonest behaviour but I think
that one of the challenges of
the Gospel is to our set of values
is very much linked with
our basic freedom in relation
to things (college P. Freire, exploita-
tion related with things mainly).
In other words, in order to
be himself, man needs an
open relationship with the
world (~~you belong~~) "the world,
life and death; are your
servants, but you belong to
Christ and Christ belongs to
God." (^{says Paul} I Cor. 3, 23) It is up
to man to release in the world
the powers of goodness
peace, love.



Thus, the beatitudes don't ²⁸ cut man away from the world but situate him in the condition he shares with Christ: ~~sovereignty~~^{power} over the world. Of course, the more the world becomes complex, in its interwoven relationships of technology, economical power, political rules, the Fundação Cuidar o Futuro (more subject to risk is this power). But isn't the risk part of the condition of the poor?



? I would like to stress also
that the man of the beatitudes
is the man who tries to communi-
cate with others and live for
others up to the point of
being persecuted. ~~the~~ Man
who can be gentle, merciful-
pure in heart, peace makers.

- I wonder sometimes if
we are hearing this call or
~~if this is how we understand dated~~
~~spiritualism. Psychology~~
~~has helped ^{enough} modern man~~
~~enough for us to understand~~
that these are not moralistic
attitudes, but the unfolding
of one's own psychological
life. Persecution is the last
beatitude, supposes that one has
somehow gone through ~~the~~ ^{whole} range--



In His way, ~~we~~^{you} can be a 30
man of truth (Jsh. 2, 15) and
a man of fraternal love (I Cor. 2, 7).

I would like to others

that The poor in the beatitudes
are also those who "thirst
"hunger + thirst for what
is right". Well, this is for me
one of the most inspiring
things in the Gospel. Here we
are ~~freed from~~ ~~the~~ ~~basic~~
desires of man: to eat and
to drink. This is, so to speak,
the symbol of man's psychological
make-up: we are, each one
of us, a conglomeration of
diversified + contradictory
desires; what often happens
is that we are enslaved



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The multiplicity of our desires or by the frustration of not fulfilling many of them.

There was a time when to be Christian was understood by some people ~~as~~ by the Nazarene as the power of will over the desires.

(such was not the case with ~~Sr~~ Teresa of Adila. She was a purified desire bursting into a manifold life.)

The beatitudes say that the man ^{who} ~~of~~ desires ~~of~~ what is right is happy — the contradictory desires will have ~~been~~ been made one.



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There is no better way of speaking of freedom than to say with ~~the~~ Paul ~~says~~ where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is freedom" (II Cor. 3, 17b)

The presence of His Spirit is thus the guarantee that we have been brought from the slavery of sin into the freedom of ~~your~~ peace + love.

"you will learn the truth and ~~Fundação~~ Cuidar o Futuro make you free"

I would like to stress the importance of this learning the truth for the personal freedom.

This means the awakening of conscience in front of the depth of a situation; — ^{in order} to become free, man must know that he is not free. The normal tendency

John (Jn. 8, 32)



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is to see the freedom from some power outside us. But we do know how ~~much~~^{strongly} man is shaped by interiorized images, by an oppressor within himself. This is particularly true in relation to his condition of sinfulness; We can say like Paul that we do the wrong we don't want and don't do the right we Fundação Cuidar o Futuro are really within us.

We need to have a sharp perception of our objectified situation in order to come to a process of liberation.



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We have discussed about the forces that exploit men from outside. They are real. The Christian man is also suffering from these forces. But, somehow, he must have a personal answer to the question "how to stop exploitation". In other words ~~the Christian man~~ because ~~the Christian man~~ because He knows the truth; that is, that he has been freed from sin, can situate himself in life in a free + relaxed way. Sometime, he should be able to be in the cultural communitas



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to which he belongs as the
kind of "symbolic men";
source of wisdom and
hope, awakening in people the
~~capable of spiritual leader~~
realization that they can be
"slip. free" (pp. 6 Reg)

I sense among the Christians today a desire to renew the Churches which leads further Fundação Cuidar o Futuro away from this role. For a simple reason belonging to social pathology: every institution as soon as it exists brings with it the germ of an anti-institution, a source of corruption which enters into dialectical



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Collision with the new-born
inhibition. The question is
always then: how much
inner dynamism has the
new inhibition got to be
all the ~~come~~^{same} "confessing" as
it were the anti-church?
Most ~~committed~~
Christians are concerned
with the reform of this
anti-church. I can only
see that concern leading
to what I call, in the
under-developed world, the
neo-capitalistic type of
Church. In fact to live
from the Spirit is to be
all the time building
the Church and helping
to renew the anti-Church by the Spirit.

"we are waiting in hope for
 the blessing which will come with
 the appearing of the glory of
 our saviour Jesus Christ"
 Tit. 2, 13

This ~~basic~~^{barical} process of freedom
 brings with it another element.
 Time is part of the structure of
 freedom. It is only in time
 that you can pass from slavery
 to freedom. As the liberation
 of the whole People of God and
 our own inner liberation are
 never fully accomplished the
future appears as something
 intrinsic to the process.



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I would like to others a few features of this concept of future. We have been brought up, most of us, with the idea that out of a history, of a past, emerges the present and a possible future. Or, in fact, it is not the past that illuminates + determines the future; ^{making}

Rather, ~~the past~~ ^{making} future that throws light into the past and gives true meaning to the present. (schill.) we can interpret better the past it is there that we can understand better the dimension of future contained in the past. (E.P.'s reference to world issues leading to FVG's work)



By making the future we give
to the past a new physionomy.
In this sense, the future
does condition the past."
(Schill.)



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Metz goes as far as saying that "the future and, more specifically, a planned or plannable future is not today an arbitrary, but a central theme + problem of the man responsibility".

From one side, future is the ultimate aspect in acknowledging the process of secularization. Because the world is autonomous, because man can master the world + have power over it, man can relate to the future in an operative way. He doesn't need to undergo the future as a fate.



From another side, hope not ~~go~~
being equated with optimism or
the illusion on which the optimism
is based, its affirmation by a
community of faith implies
"the knowledge that by all
realistic calculations human
history is ultimately tragic" (Sam
Keen, 1987 p. 87)

- Why can we speak about
the future? Cuidar o Futuro

Because , as Paul says,
we are waiting in hope for
the blessing which will come
with the Appeareng of the glory
of our savior Jesus Christ.

(T.t. 2,13)



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The task of "making the future" seems essential to me in terms of the understanding of Revelation. "The community of believers ~~is~~ contains in itself the possibility of being the manifestation, the incarnation and the expression of the Faith. But, from another angle, the action of that community contains its source of faith. (In a way, I am saying that Revelation is Scripture + Tradition). It is at the core of its ^{its} action that the People of God is able to discover more clearly and in a more dynamic way the successive steps of its earthly pilgrimage. In other

